



# Capture Inrush, Micro and High-Speed Currents with a Single Probe

3 full ranges of 30 A, 5 A, and 0.5 A deliver an expansive current measurement spectrum

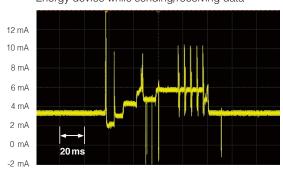




## **Observe micro current**

0.5A 10 V/A

Current consumption waveform for a Bluetooth Low Energy device while sending/receiving data



Instrument used: Oscilloscope Frequency band: 200 MHz

### Built-in function to protect against excessive input



#### Warning indicator

The warning indicator flashes to warn the user if a current in excess of the rated value is being input.

#### Overload protection

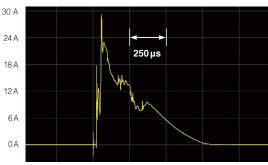
If you select the incorrect range and then input a current signal that exceeds the rated current for that range\*, this function protects the instrument from damage due to overheating.

\*Caution: Input currents that exceed the frequency derating for the 30 A range may cause measurement circuit damage before the protection function can operate.

### **Observe inrush current**

30 A 0.1 V/A

Inrush current waveform when an electric device is turned on



Instrument used: Memory HiCorder MR6000

#### Instrument profile MEMORY HICORDER MR6000

200 MS/s × isolated measurement

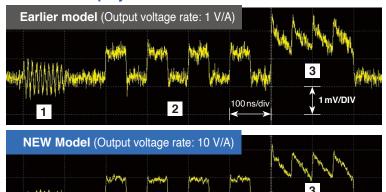
When using the High-speed Analog Unit U8976 (Frequency range: DC to 30 MHz)



## Clear observation thanks to a high S/N ratio and 10× output rate

Direct waveform observation without needing to rely on your oscilloscope's filter settings and averaging function lets you capture micro currents more clearly thanks to the 10 V/A output rate.

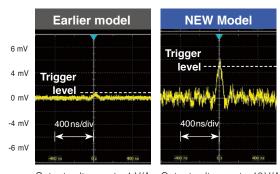
## Wide bandwidth and high sensitivity for more intuitive waveform display



By improving voltage sensitivity of the oscilloscope by a factor of 10, the S/N ratio of the oscilloscope itself is enhanced to deliver a cleaner waveform.

- 1 Sine wave: f=100 MHz, 1 mA peak-peak
- 2 Square wave: f=10 MHz, 1 mA peak-peak
- 3 Sawtooth wave: f=20 MHz, 1 mA peak-peak (offset +1 mA)

## **Never miss important waveforms**

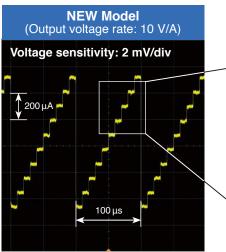


Output voltage rate: 1 V/A Output voltage rate: 10 V/A

When monitoring for single-shot phenomena with an oscilloscope, even hard-to trigger micro current waveforms buried in noise can be easily identified thanks to the high-sensitivity range with 10V/A output rate.

# Observe micro current on the order of several hundred microamperes (optimizing the averaging function)

100 ns/div



Oscilloscope settings: Band limit of 20 MHz, 16× averaging, auto-trigger

Earlier model

(Output voltage rate: 1 V/A)

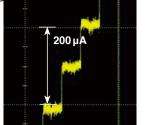
100 µs

Voltage sensitivity: 1 mV/div

Observed waveform: 10  $\mu s$  stepped waveform; repeating period: 100  $\mu s$ 

Review staircase waveforms in 100 µA steps.

10 mV/DIV



Because oscilloscopes typically have a maximum voltage sensitivity of 1 mV/div., they can only display waveforms of up to 1 mA/div. when using the conventional 1 V/A output rate. However, the CT6710 and CT6711, which have an output rate of 10 V/A (in the 0.5 A range) can display waveforms at 100  $\mu$ A/div.

CURRENT PROBE CT6711	
Usage range	Output voltage rate
0.5 A	10 V/A

Oscilloscope		
	Voltage sensitivity	Current sensitivity
	2 mV/div	200 μA/div

#### Key considerations when measuring micro currents

By using the oscilloscope's averaging function or band-limiting function when measuring a periodic micro current signal, you can eliminate random noise in the signal in order to observe the current waveform more clearly.

## Measuring variations in the same current signal as above at the conventional level of sensitivity

The waveform display is limited by the oscilloscope's resolution. It is difficult to view current fluctuations of less than 1 mA in a detailed manner.

200 uA

Earlier model Current Probe	
Usage range	Output voltage rate
5A	1 V/A

Oscilloscope	
Voltage sensitivity	Current sensitivity
1 mV/div	1 mA/div

The signal is obscured by noise, and the trigger cannot be applied in a stable manner, so averaging is unable to function.

### **Specifications** Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year

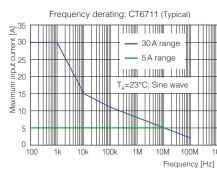
<u> </u>		
Frequency range		CT6710: DC to 50 MHz (-3dB)
		CT6711: DC to 120 MHz (-3dB)
Rise time (10% to 90%)		CT6710: 7.0 ns or less
		CT6711: 2.9 ns or less
Delay time	30 A Range	Typical 12 ns
(Delay time relative to an input	5 A Range	Typical 12 ns
signal with a rising time of 1 ns)	0.5 A Range	Typical 13 ns
Maximum rated current	30 A Range	30Arms
(Note frequency derating for	5 A Range	5 Arms
DC and sine waves)	0.5 A Range	0.5Arms
	30 A Range	0.1 V/A
Output voltage rate	5 A Range	1 V/A
	0.5 A Range	10 V/A
Amplitude accuracy	30 A Range	±3.0% rdg.±1 mV, Typical ±1.0% rdg.±1 mV (≤10 Arms)
(DC or 45 to 66 Hz sine wave, within maximum peak current	5 A Range	±3.0% rdg.±1 mV, Typical ±1.0% rdg.±1 mV
for each range)	0.5 A Range	±3.0% rdg.±10 mV, Typical ±1.0% rdg.±10 mV
	30 A Range	±50 A peak (Maximum 2 sec input)*
Maximum peak current	5 A Range	±7.5Apeak
	0.5 A Range	±0.75 Apeak ( <10 MHz), ±0.3 Apeak (≥10 MHz)
Diameter of measurable conductors		φ5 mm or less (Insulated conductors)
Noise 0.5 A range, with a 20MHz bandwidth instrument		75 μA rms or less
Operating temperature and humidity range		0 to +40°C (32 to 104 °F), 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Effect of external magnetic fields DC or 60 Hz input, 400 A/m magnetic field		CT6710: 20 mA or less, CT6711: 5 mA or less
Cord lengths		Sensor cord: 1.5 m (59.6 in), Power cord: 1.0 m (39.37 in)
External dimensions	Sensor	Approx. 155 mm (6.10 in)W × 18 mm (0.71 in)H × 26 mm (1.02 in)D
Not including BNC connector	Junction box	Approx. 45 mm(1.77 in)W × 120 mm (4.72 in)H × 25 mm (0.98 in)D
or other protruding parts	Termination unit	Approx. 29 mm (1.14 in)W × 83 mm (3.27 in)H × 40 mm (1.57 in)D
Mass		Approx. 370 g (13.1 oz)

<sup>\*</sup> Refrain from use for at least 20 seconds after maximum peak current input due to generated heat

100M

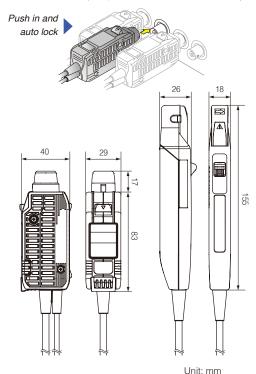
Frequency [Hz]

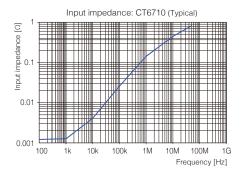
#### Frequency derating: CT6710 (Typical) ₹35 current 30 25 20 T<sub>A</sub>=23°C, Sine wave 15 5 1G 100 100k 1M 10M 100M 1G Frequency [Hz]

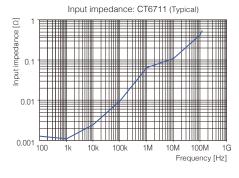


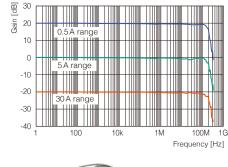
## One-touch Disconnection from the BNC Terminal

The BNC connector does not need to be rotated when connecting to an oscilloscope or recorder. Insert the connector until it automatically locks into place. To disconnect it, just pull the unlock lever toward you.









10k

Frequency characteristics: CT6711 (Typical)

1M

Frequency characteristics: CT6710 (Typical)

圆30

20 gij 10

0

-10

-20 -30

-40

100

## Model: CURRENT PROBE CT6710, CT6711

model: Golffield: 1110BE G10710, G1071		
Model No. (Order Code)	Frequency range	
CT6710	DC to 50 MHz	
CT6711	DC to 120 MHz	

Option **POWER SUPPLY 3269** Connect up to two CT6710/CT6711 probes



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### **HEADQUARTERS**

81 Koizumi. Ueda, Nagano 386-1192 Japan https://www.hioki.com/



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